- (C) Show that the need for the information outweighs the public interest considerations in maintaining the confidentiality of the OCC information and outweighs the burden on the OCC to produce the information;
- (D) Explain how the issues in the case and the status of the case warrant that the OCC allow disclosure; and
- (E) Identify any other issue that may bear on the question of waiver of privilege by the OCC.
- (b) Request for records. If the request is for a record, the requester must adequately describe the record or records sought by type and date.
- (c) Request for testimony—(1) Generally. A requester seeking testimony:
- (i) Must show a compelling need for the requested information; and
- (ii) Should request OCC testimony with sufficient time to obtain the testimony in deposition form.
- (2) Trial or hearing testimony. A requester seeking testimony at a trial or hearing must show that a deposition would not suffice.

§4.34 Where to submit a request.

- (a) A request for non-public OCC information. A person requesting information under this subpart, requesting authentication of a record under §4.39(d), or submitting a notification of the issuance of a subpoena or compulsory process under §4.37, shall send the request or notification to: Office of the Comptroller of the Currency, 250 E Street, SW, Washington, DC 20219, Attention: Director, Litigation Division.
- (b) Combined requests for non-public and other OCC information. A person requesting public OCC information under this subpart may submit a combined request for both to the address in paragraph (a) of this section. If a requester decides to submit a combined request under this section, the OCC will process the combined request under this subpart and not under subpart B of this part (FOIA).
- (c) Request by government agencies. A request made pursuant to §4.37(c) must be submitted:
- (1) In a civil action, to the Director of the OCC's Litigation Division at the Washington office; or

- (2) In a criminal action, to the appropriate district counsel or the Director of the OCC's Enforcement and Compliance Division at the Washington office.
- [60 FR 57322, Nov. 15, 1995, as amended at 64 FR 29216, June 1, 1999]

§ 4.35 Consideration of requests.

- (a) In general—(1) OCC discretion. The OCC decides whether to release nonpublic OCC information based on its weighing of all appropriate factors including the requestor's fulfilling of the requirements enumerated in §4.33. Each decision is at the sole discretion of the Comptroller or the Comptroller's delegate and is a final agency decision. OCC action on a request for non-public OCC information exhausts administrative remedies for discovery of the information.
- (2) Bases for denial. The OCC may deny a request for non-public OCC information for reasons that include the following:
- (i) The requester was unsuccessful in showing that the information is relevant to the pending matter;
- (ii) The requester seeks testimony and the requestor did not show a compelling need for the information:
- (iii) The request arises from an adversarial matter and other evidence reasonably suited to the requester's need is available from another source;
- (iv) A lawsuit or administrative action has not yet been filed and the request was made in connection with potential litigation; or
- (v) The production of the information would be contrary to the public interest or unduly burdensome to the OCC.
- (3) Additional information. A requester must submit a complete request. The OCC may require the requester to provide additional information to complete a request. Consistent with the purposes stated in §4.31, the OCC may inquire into the circumstances of any case underlying the request and rely on sources of information other than the requester, including other parties.
- (4) Time required by the OCC to respond. The OCC generally will process requests in the order in which they are received. The OCC will notify the requester in writing of the final decision. Absent exigent or unusual circumstances, the OCC will respond to a